Applicant: Thomas Mueller

Serial No.: 10/526,097

Attorney's Docket No.: 14603-012US1

Client Ref.: P2002,0713USN

Filed: September 7, 2005

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## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## **LISTING OF THE CLAIMS:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method for use with an integrated circuit that is lightsensitive, the method comprising:

applying different wavelengths of light to the integrated circuit, the integrated circuit producing output signals in response to the different wavelengths of light;

measuring the output signals to obtain measured values;

comparing the measured values to setpoint values that correspond to the different wavelengths of light;

obtaining correction values for the different wavelengths of light, the correction values being based on comparison of the measured values to the setpoint values; and

storing the correction values on the integrated circuit;

wherein the measured values define a sensitivity curve; and

wherein a smallest interval between two of the different wavelengths on the sensitivity curve is smaller than an interval between a local sensitivity maximum and a local sensitivity minimum on the sensitivity curve.

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2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the integrated circuit is on a semiconductor substrate; and

the method is performed using a testing card.

- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the different wavelengths of light are applied via light-emitting diodes.
  - 4. (Cancelled)
  - 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 5 [[4]], further comprising: obtaining the sensitivity curve by interpolating between the measured values; and storing information about the sensitivity curve on the integrated circuit.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the integrated circuit comprises one or more photodiodes.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the correction values are stored using Zener diodes on the integrated circuit.
  - 8. (Currently Amended) A semiconductor chip comprising:

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a light-sensitive integrated circuit that stores information for use in correcting a wavelength-dependent output signal of the light-sensitive integrated circuit;

wherein the light-sensitive integrated circuit has a wavelength-dependent sensitivity; and wherein a smallest interval between two measured wavelengths of the wavelengthdependent output signal is smaller than an interval between a local sensitivity maximum and a local sensitivity minimum on a sensitivity curve defined, in part, by the two measured wavelengths.

9. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor chip of claim 8, further comprising: a temperature sensor for measuring a temperature of an external light source that illuminates the light-sensitive integrated circuit, the light-sensitive integrated circuit producing

wherein the light-sensitive integrated circuit stores correction data that is derived using the temperature of the external light source, the correction data for use in correcting the

the wavelength-dependent output signal in response to light from the external light source;

wavelength-dependent output signal.

10. (Currently Amended) A method for use with an integrated circuit that is light sensitive, the method comprising:

illuminating the integrated circuit using an external light source, the integrated circuit producing an output signal in response to light from the external light source;

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providing, to the integrated circuit, information about the wavelength of the light from the external light source; and

using the information to correct the output signal;

wherein the integrated circuit has a sensitivity that is wavelength-dependent; and wherein a smallest interval between two measured wavelengths of the output signal is smaller than an interval between a local sensitivity maximum and a local sensitivity minimum on a sensitivity curve defined, in part, by the two measured wavelengths.

- 11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10, further comprising: measuring a temperature of the external light source; and correcting the information about the wavelength of the light using the temperature; wherein the output signal is corrected using corrected information about the wavelength of the light.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10, wherein using the information to correct the output signal comprises:
  - obtaining a correction value that corresponds to the wavelength of light; and applying the correction value to the output signal.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12, wherein the correction value comprises a difference between a setpoint value and the output signal at the wavelength.

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> 14. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor chip of claim 8, further comprising: a semiconductor substrate on which the light-sensitive integrated circuit is mounted.

- 15. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor chip of claim 8, wherein the lightsensitive integrated circuit comprises one or more photodiodes for receiving different wavelengths of light.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The semiconductor chip of claim 8, further comprising one or more Zener diodes for use in storing the information.